Bioactivity of Sauropus androgynus and Elephantopus scaber to CD4⁺IL2⁺ and CD4⁺IL4⁺ T Cells Modulation in Balb/c Pregnant Mice Model of Typhoid

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Abstract

Pregnant woman have higher risk to get infection, because pregnancy decreasing the cell T activity. Sauropus androgynus and Elephantopus scaber has substance like saponin and flavonoid which has been well known as natural immunomodulator, particularly to increase amount of immunocompetent cell. This research is important to recognize effective supplement supply for immunomodulator of S. androgynus and E. scaber to increase mice’s (Mus musculus Balb/c) immune system. This research conducted in seven treatments by 3 repetitions for each treatment by using pregnant mice which has been infected by bacteria Salmonella typhimurium (dose 10⁵ CFU.ml⁻¹). Bacteria are injected to mice intraperitoneal in day 5th after giving combination of extract E. scaber and S. androgynus. The dose of E. scaber and S. androgynus combination are 200; 150:37.5; 100:75; 50: 112.5; 150. Five group of treatment were infected by S. typhimurium. Two other groups were the control, namely negative control which was only given NaCMC 0.05% without infection and positive control which was given NaCMC 0.05% and infected by S. typhimurium. After being injected, treatment was redone till the day of surgery. The surgery was executed in day 12³ and 18⁴ of pregnancy. Data were analyzed using ANOVA (p < 0.05) and Duncan test. Result indicated that extract of S. androgynus and E. scaber could increase amount of immune system in pregnant mice. This was indicated from significant increasing in amount of cell T CD4⁺IL2⁺ and CD4⁺IL4⁺ in pregnant mice which has been infected by S. typhimurium. Formula of extract S. androgynus and E. scaber which could return immune condition was approached condition of healthy pregnant mice such as E. scaber 200 mg.kg⁻¹ BW; E. scaber 100 mg.kg⁻¹ BW and S. androgynus 75 mg.kg⁻¹ BW; E. scaber 50 mg.kg⁻¹ BW and S. androgynus 112.5 mg.kg⁻¹ BW; and S. androgynus 150 mg.kg⁻¹ BW, respectively.

Keywords: CD4⁺IL2⁺,CD4⁺IL4⁺, E. scaber, Immunomodulator, S. androgynus, S. typhimurium

INTRODUCTION

Pregnant woman who has been infected by Salmonella has more decrease amount of innate immune system such as dendrite, neutrofil, and NK cell than non-pregnant woman [1]. Effect of decreased T cell in pregnant woman is they susceptible to infection of bacteria, such as Salmonella or E. coli. Effect of decrease T cell in pregnant woman has special phenomena such as decreased T cell in pregnant woman decreased amount of saponin and flavonoid in leaf and stem [2,3].

Indonesia has 25,000-30,000 species of plants, and 80% type of plants in the world and 90% from type of plants in Asia [4]. Indonesian people known and used plants as medicine in healing of illness. In body, herbal medicine has systemic effect not like synthetic active medicine [5]. One of herbal medicine in Indonesia is Sauropus androgynus and Elephantopus scaber. Both plants have substance such as saponin and flavonoid which well known as natural immunomodulator [6,7].

Saponin and flavonoid is active compound that can increase immunity response especially in increasing amount of immune competent cells such as macrophage, T cell and B cell. Plant extract which has saponin and flavonoid substance can increase the amount of CD4⁺ T cell [7,8,9]. Proliferation of CD4⁺ T cell will increase IL-2 production to activate IgG to phagocytosis bacteria. CD8⁺ T cell will be activated in 14⁴ day after infected which has function as CTL that will kill the infected cell, then cell becomes lysis [10]. Besides that, E. scaber is effective to stimulate hematopoiesis process [7,11]. But it has not been recognized that both of leaf when being combined, wheter synergistic and antagonistic as immunomodulator agent.

Activation of lymphocyte cell is expressed by many subset of lymphocyte cell like T cell of CD4⁺IL-2⁺ and CD4⁺IL-4⁺. Therefore, this research was aimed to recognize the effective supplement formulation of E. scaber and S. androgynus towards system immune enhancement in pregnant mice (Mus musculus) BALB/c by the observation in spleen.
MATERIALS AND METHODS

Extraction of S. androgyinus and E. Scaber

Powder leaf of S. androgyinus and E. Scaber were macerated by using ethanol 70% for 24 hours. The material is filtered and alcohol replaced and it was soaked till the color of alcohol showed that the compound had been extracted completely. All of the result of filtering was combined and steamed to release the substance of ethanol in extract on temperature 50°C inside the water bath by using vacuum pump evaporator. Result of evaporation was thick extract or paste.

Isolat S. typhimurium for injection

Isolates of S. typhimurium (444-D) was obtained from the Laboratory of Microbiology, Faculty of Medicine, University of Barawijaya, Malang. Amount of injected bactery was 10⁷ CFU.mL⁻¹ as many as 0.5 mL.

Treatment

The combination of the extract were given until day 12th and 18th by gavage after aclimation. It is conducted every day in 5 days of pregnancy, and then it is injected S. typhimurium. The bacteria were injected to mice intraperitoneal in day 5th. The following (Table 1) is dose of of S. androgyinus and E. scaber given extract.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>NaCMC 0.05%</th>
<th>Infec tion</th>
<th>Extract (mg.kg⁻¹ BW)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
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<td>+</td>
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<td>3</td>
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<td>200</td>
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<td>4</td>
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<td>5</td>
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<td>+</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
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<td>+</td>
<td>50</td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
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<td>150</td>
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</table>

Note: Infection= 10⁷ CFU.mL⁻¹ of S. typhimurium

Flowcytometry of Cell Lymphocyte Isolation

Lymphocyte cell whose population was counted will be isolated from spleen of surgery mice, then it is added PBS 10 mL and saved in ice box. The cell suspension centrifuged 2500 rpm for 5 minutes 4°C. Pellet was resuspended with 1 mL of PBS to be taken 200 mL then put into microtube and PBS was added to 1 mL of PBS. Then centrifuged at 2500 rpm for 5 minutes 4°C. Pellets then added with monoclonal antibody anti CD4+IL2 and anti CD4+IL4, each by 50 µL with a concentration of 0.01 mg.ml⁻¹. Then put into a microtube and added 100 µL cytofix-cytoperm (BioLegend No. cat 420801) the pipetted and incubated for 20 minutes 4°C. It is added washermp (BioLegend No. cat 421002) as much as 500 µL. After being centrifuged 2500 rpm for 5 minutes 4°C and next procedure using antibody PE-conjugated anti IL-2 and anti IL-4 as much 50 µL by concentration 0.01 mg.ml⁻¹ and incubated for 20 minutes. And it’s added 330 µL PBS and resuspension using micropipette. Then transferred into a cuvet and attached to the nozzle BD Bioscience FACSCalibur™ flow cytometry.

Data analysis

Parametric one way ANOVA by significance degree p < 0.05 was used and then its significant result continued by Duncan test. This research used a factorial completely randomized design (factorial CRD). The first factor was dose combinations and the second one was the day of pregnancy.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Relative Number of CD4⁺IL-2⁺ T cell

Relative number of CD4⁺IL2⁺ T cell in this research used to recognize the treatment effect of E. scaber and S. androgyinus formulation towards the quantity enhancement of CD4⁺IL2⁺ T cell (Figure 1). The result of flow cytometry that conducted in mice after S. typhimurium infected showed the difference on relative number of lymphocyte cell, i.e. cell CD4⁺IL-2⁺. Highest amount of CD4⁺IL-2⁺ cell was found in pregnant mice which has been infected and given extract E. scaber 50 mg.kg⁻¹ BW and S. androgyinus 112.5 mg.kg⁻¹ BW (1.71%). The result of ANOVA shows that relative number of CD4⁺IL-2⁺ cell after infection of S. typhimurium is significantly different (p<0.05).

While the infected mice Salmonella typhimurium and given extract E. scaber 200 mg.kg⁻¹ BW, E. scaber 100 mg.kg⁻¹ BW + S. androgyinus 75 mg.kg⁻¹ BW, E. scaber 50 mg.kg⁻¹ BW + S. androgyinus 112.5 mg.kg⁻¹ BW, S. androgyinus 150 mg.kg⁻¹ BW is not significantly different with healthy mice. The significant difference with normal mice was only found in pregnant mice which was given extract E. scaber 150 mg.kg⁻¹ BW and S. androgyinus 37.5 mg.kg⁻¹ BW and infected by S. typhimurium.
Bioactivity of *S. androgynus* & *E. scaber* on Modulation T cells in Typhoid Model of Mice (Fuadah et al.)

Extract combination of *E. Scaber* and *S. androgynus* can enhance immune system. It can increase proliferation sitocin IL-2. Both plants are known having flavonoid content and sapinin that can be immunomodulator [8,9,12]. Sapinin can enhance body’s immune by inducting proliferation immune cells [7]. Pregnant mice that were infected by *S. typhimurium* in spleen can trigger proliferation of CD4+ T cell which secretes cytokine IL-2. This occured because of spleen act as erythrocyte storage and contains leukocyte specialized to phagocyte macrofag will filter antigen from blood. This organ helps body to identify and kill pathogen bacteria.

Along with the phases of pregnancy, the cytokine IL-2 increased. Accumulation of bacteria in plasenta slowed the bloodstream that brings nutrition into fetus and has bad impact for the fetus. Infected placenta has significant enhancement on inflammation cell, except NK cell. Suppression system immune in pregnant phase is connected with hormonal condition. Concentration of progesterone hormone that enhanced in pregnant phase has impact to slow activation of T lymphocyte to the stimulation antigen. Progesterone can reduce cell which mediate activity of NK cell (*Natural Killers*) and activity of cytotoxic T cell.

Figure 1. Profile of Average Relative Number on CD4+IL2+ T cell. a. Flowcytometry analysis, b. statistic analysis

**Description:** NACMC 5%, I: Infection of *S. typhimurium*, ES: *E. scaber*, SA: *S. androgynus*
Expression of reseotor progesterone will cause NK cell and lymphocyte in periphery blood enhance in pregnant phase, but this enhancement is not significant [13]. Enhancement of progesterone in its receptor induces secretions protein which is called progesterone induced protein blocking factor that has impact to slow the activity of cytolitic NK cell and lymphocyte directly [14].

Relative Number of CD4+IL-4+ T cell

The analysis of ANOVA shows that the amount of relative CD4+IL4+ T cell has significant difference (p<0.05). In all infected pregnant M. musculus and given treatment of E. scaber and S. androgynus, the relative number of CD4+IL4+ T cell is not significantly different than M. musculus normal pregnant (Figure 2).

This results show that steroid saponin is contained naturally in E. Scaber that can enhance immunity response Th2 cell connected with regulator T cell enhancement which is mediated by secretion cytokine. The enhancement of cytokine IL-2 production will also enhance cell TCD4+ in producing IL-4. The enhancement of IL-4 production can enhance IgG in fagocitig bactery and proliferation cell T CD8 can be CTL that will lysis infected cell by S. typhimurium [10]. Other study also explained that vaccinated pregnant mice by S. typhimurium showed increase in IL-4 production compared with non vaccinated pregnant mice [15].

![Figure 2. Profile of Average Relative Number on CD4+IL4+ T cell. a. Flowcytometry analysis, b. statistic analysis](image-url)

Description: NACMC 5%, I: Infection of S. typhimurium, ES: E. scaber, SA: S. androgynus
CONCLUSION
Administered extract of _S. androgyrus_ and _E. scaber_ formulation can enhance the immune system in pregnant mice. It is indicated from the significant enhancement in average amount of CD4^+^CD2^+^ and CD4^+^IL4^+^ T cell in pregnant mice which were infected by _Salmonella typhimurium_. Four combinations which were supposed to be the optimum dose that can enhance immune condition of pregnant mice and cannot cause the abortion are respectively as follows: _E. scaber_ 200 mg.kg⁻¹ BW; _E. scaber_ 100 mg.kg⁻¹ BW and _S. androgyrus_ 75 mg.kg⁻¹ BW; _E. scaber_ 50 mg.kg⁻¹ BW and _S. androgyrus_ 112.5 mg.kg⁻¹ BW; and _S. androgyrus_ 150 mg.kg⁻¹ BW.

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